

ton, I am the largest shareholder in this company (A Voice: For how long?) So please bear in mind that in raising all these questions I am not actuated by any spirit of ill-feeling either to the General Managers or to any of the Directors personally, although I am of the opinion that the Directors should have more experience in the property business and faith in the Company. Gentlemen, you will be surprised when you come to know the aggregate number of shares held by the Directors, excluding, of course, the General Managers. I understand that a very old Director has only 100 shares in his name. Why? If he had a little more faith in the Company he should have invested at least a portion of his annual share of the Directors' fees in the acquisition of a few more shares in the Company. Without faith in any enterprise we cannot expect one to have enthusiasm in the undertaking. Enthusiasm stimulates energy, without which no management can be expected to be progressive. Now, gentlemen, some of the Directors are reported to have been knocking about the town endeavouring to secure as many proxies as possible in order to debar a new candidate for directorship in the place of one of the four who are retiring in terms of Article No. 75, thus insisting on having their own man in by all means, instead of the new man whom they cannot but recognise as more competent, so much so that they approached him with certain suggestions which he absolutely declined to consider. It is for you to say whether such Directors are sincerely looking after the interests of the shareholders, or are abusing the proxies which they have succeeded in canvassing. Coming back to the first part of my remarks, gentlemen, in raising these questions I am prompted solely by a sincere wish to see the Company prosper by better management. To carry this out successfully must necessitate certain reforms, which I consider necessary to safeguard my interests, which, after all, are not insignificant. This may sound to you somewhat selfish, but, if my interests are all right, it stands to reason that I am also safeguarding the common interest of all shareholders.

The CHAIRMAN remarked that, as regards the gaining of proxies, it was quite an ordinary thing to do.

Mr. ALVES: Quite natural.

The CHAIRMAN: Quite natural for the Directors to seek support of their policy. The Chairman added that it was not correct to say that the Directors approached Mr. Alves with the proposition he mentioned.

Mr. ALVES: I wish to contradict that remark. I was invited to be one of the directors and went to a private meeting.

Mr. SCOTT HANSTON said he felt bound to address the meeting after what had transpired. In doing so he wished the shareholders to understand that, if it appeared he was committing any breach of the privilege or confidence vested in him, such a course was necessary because of the attitude adopted by Mr. Alves. Now these were the facts referred to. A few days ago, about Thursday, a gentleman named Mr. Bisney came to his office and said he was approaching him (the speaker) because of his old connection with the Company. He said he had formerly sat on the Board of Directors, and understood that there had been trouble between the Directors and Mr. Alves. He wished, if possible, to have the matter settled. He (the speaker) replied that he did not know what Mr. Bisney could do. Mr. Alves was trying to get on the Board in order to look after his own interests. The question of his candidature had been before the Board, who did not view it favourably. Mr. Bisney wished to know if anything could be done. He (the speaker) replied that the Board was complete; there was no vacancy on it. Mr. Bisney asked if a vacancy could not be found. The reply was that it would be possible if the Articles were altered. Mr. Bisney enquired: "Would the Directors consent to the Articles being altered?" He replied that he could not do anything unless the Directors agreed. Mr. Bisney asked: "Would you bring it before them?" He answered that he would bring the matter before the Directors, but, before doing so, he desired to know whether, in the event of the Directors agreeing, Mr. Alves would consent. Mr. Bisney replied that he knew Mr. Alves would agree. He (the speaker) told him to see Mr. Alves on the matter. Mr. Bisney then left and came back later, stating that Mr. Alves would be agreeable, only he wanted the Directors to reply to a letter, which he would deliver, promising to support his candidature. Mr. Hanston replied that he could not agree to that, as the matter had been put on a different plane from that which he understood Mr. Bisney had intended. The matter then ended as far as Mr. Bisney was concerned. The speaker then convened a private meeting of Directors, as suggested by himself and Mr. Lang. They decided to see Mr. Alves, and when he met them this was what transpired. At the outset he (the speaker) informed Mr. Alves of the interview with Mr. Bisney, and said that the matter should be treated without prejudice and should be entirely confidential and private. Mr. Alves replied that he would certainly regard the matter as private. They then discussed the matter with Mr. Alves and told him that they did not consider his application as beneficial to the interests of the shareholders. Another matter they brought to his notice was that Mr. Alves had distributed shares on the eve of the register being closed with the intention of getting support. He was legally entitled to do that, but if he (the speaker) were doing it he would have given his opponents the same chance of spreading shares. Then Mr. Alves intimated that the candidature should be proceeded with. Mr. Hanston replied that he did not think it was possible. As far as he was concerned, he looked upon Mr. Alves' statement as an abuse of confidence. He asked them all to support him. He was a Director of several companies, and had been a

Director for several years, and had never endeavoured to make one cent out of his position. It was true that in some companies he was a small shareholder. He had done, he might say, thousands of dollars' worth of legal work for which he had not charged a cent. (Applause.) Mr. ALVES stated that he supposed that the shareholders present expected him to reply to Mr. Hanston. Nobody had stated that either Mr. Hanston or his co-directors were not working conscientiously. The only thing he regretted was that when he went to the Directors' meeting he did not go with a witness. He did not remember Mr. Hanston suggesting that the meeting should be private. He remembered Mr. Hanston stating that it was to the prejudice of the Company to consider the application. He only desired that a letter should be sent him regarding the Directorate. With regard to the interview with Mr. Bisney, he could not say what Mr. Bisney was asked to do, because what Mr. Bisney had told him was different. He put the question of being a Director to Mr. Bisney by way of an interrogation. He was sorry he could not substantiate what had transpired at the meeting. He had no ill-feeling against Mr. Hanston or prejudice against him; neither did he intend breaking faith with him. On the contrary, he was afraid he must have misinterpreted the interview, though he could not remember making any promise.

The adoption of the report and statement of accounts was then put to the meeting and carried unanimously. Mr. ARNOLD proposed that Messrs. F. Scott, Hanston, A. O. Lang, W. L. Patterson and A. Forbes be re-elected Directors.

Mr. BURNES seconded this. Mr. LEO D'ALMEIDA, moved as an amendment, that Mr. J. Scott, Hanston, Mr. A. O. Lang, Mr. A. Forbes and Mr. J. M. Alves be elected Directors. He said he was asking for the election of Mr. Alves because the latter was a large property-holder in Kowloon, lived in Kowloon, and knew all about Kowloon, and the Company had large interests in Kowloon. There should be some person on the Board of Directors able to guide the members of the Board as regards the future of Kowloon property, etc.

Mr. J. M. ROCHA seconded.

The CHAIRMAN: Mr. Almeida, may I ask you Mr. Alves' solicitor.

Mr. ALMEIDA replied that he was not.

Mr. ALMEIDA: With reference to the amendment, which has been proposed, I should inform the shareholders that the following letter was received from Mr. Alves on the 5th instant:—

"Hongkong, 5th February, 1919.

Secretary.

"The Humphreys Estate and Finance Co., Ltd., Hongkong.

"DEAR SIR.—Being one of the largest shareholders in the Company, I think I am entitled to become one of the Directors as soon as a vacancy occurs in the Board of Directors, and, in terms of article 80 of articles of association of the Company, I hereby give notice of my candidature for the office. It is but right that I should be placed in a position to watch my interest closely.—Yours faithfully,

J. M. ALVES."

The Directors have no personal objection to Mr. Alves nor are they aware of any special qualifications he possesses which would render his services as a Director of value to the Company. They consider it doubtful if a large shareholder, who is actively engaged in developing Kowloon on his own account in competition with the Company, should fittingly find a place on the Board, and feel compelled to give the members the fullest opportunity of deciding this for themselves. Mr. Alves avowed objects in seeking election are to look after his own interests, which do not appear to the Directors to be legitimate motives for seeking election. The present Directors are well conversant with the Company's business and interests, and fully realise the importance of guarding the interests of the shareholders and the stability of the Company regarding the business it carries on, as contrasted with a policy desired by a particular shareholder, which may not be beneficial to the shareholders as a whole.

Mr. ALVES said he wished to refute the suggestion that he was securing property in Kowloon in order to put up an opposition to the Company. The reason for his buying property in Kowloon was to help solve the housing problem. (Applause.) He was a large shareholder in the Company and he thought the suggestion made was absurd. Mr. D'ALMEIDA's amendment was lost by 48 votes to 29. The original resolution was then put to the meeting and carried. Messrs. H. Percy Smith and C. B. Brown were re-appointed. Auditors at a remuneration of \$500 each.

The CHAIRMAN announced that the business was at an end and that dividend warrants would be ready on Monday.

[TO THE EDITOR OF "THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS"]

SIR.—The shareholders of the Humphreys Estate and Finance Co. may not be satisfied with the evasive character of the answers to the pointed questions put by me at the annual meeting of the Company, on Saturday last. I am dissatisfied, but do not propose to analyse in detail the answers given, except possibly at some future meeting of the Company. Allow me to state, however, that had the Directors afforded me the opportunity of pursuing the answers before the meeting, which courtesy I accorded to them by delivering the questions about a day before, the answers would have led to some debate.

I only wish to confine myself to the charge levelled at me more than once at the meeting of forcing myself on to the Board with the intention of exploiting the Company, which may be fairly inferred from the Chairman's remarks. I am actively engaged in developing Kowloon in competition with the Company; to the charge that I was guilty of a breach of confidence, and, finally, to the answers given to questions Nos. 13 and 18, 19 and 20.

Dealing with the first, I think my disclaimer at the outset was as clear as could possibly be. I was at pains to inform the meeting that the purchase of properties made by me at Kowloon was solely in the interest of the Housing question, and represented the first practical attempt made towards the solution of this question. I write reluctantly on this point, lest "self-advertisement" be added as a further charge against me. Even at the risk of this I invite the public, and the shareholders of the Company who voted against me in particular, to consider my scheme, which gives barely a small profit, but has given the opportunity to many in Kowloon of acquiring otherwise they could not purchase otherwise. So much for the charge of "competition."

As to the breach of confidence, Mr. Hanston omitted to mention that the representative of the General Managers who presided at the meeting called on me on the 7th instant, four days before the meeting of Directors mentioned, with the intention of inducing me to shelve the matter, and held out the prospect of a place would be found for me on the Board as soon as the Directors had an opportunity of altering the Company's Articles by increasing the number of the Board, which now stands at five. The offer may or may not have been bona fide made by the instructions of the Board; I assume it was bona fide, since, were it otherwise, the whole of the Board would require replacing, for the obvious reason that General Managers who are willing to make offers involving a change in the Company's constitution must necessarily rely on their power to enforce their wishes on the Board, who would then be relegated to puppets, which I cannot believe to be the case in the present instance.

I preferred, sir, the straight-forward way of contesting a seat publicly, and leave the shareholders to judge which course was the more desirable.

There can be no question of a breach of confidence in a matter of this sort, and I deny a transgression of any rule of the Company.

Lastly, sir, may I be permitted to say that Mr. Hanston camouflaged his support by a piece of special pleading, and by dragging "a red herring" across the controversy. The meeting had to consider an amendment to include me on the Board in the place of Mr. Patterson, and, instead of commenting on my merits or demerits, Mr. Hanston launched into a speech in which gratuitous legal services rendered by him involving many thousands of dollars was the theme. Are we to understand that because one of the Directors carries on his professional avocations freely, gratis, and merely for the love of it, another Director must be retained?

As to the answer to question No. 13, I heard with pleasure the admission that the remuneration of the General Managers was arrived at before charging Directors' fees and General Managers' remuneration to the profits, and I trust the Directors will now see the error of their ways.

Lastly, sir, dealing with the answer to questions 18, 19 and 20, I submit that a Director should have some experience and knowledge of the undertaking he presumes to manage. His experience should precede his directorship, and not be gained during his term of office at the expense of the shareholders. The number of men whose services have been "tested" may be limited, but there are numerous men who will achieve greatness as opposed to greatness being thrust upon them.

Finally, sir, is it an answer to say that because things have not been better, it shall not be done in the future? Why not admit that my suggestion to throw directorships open to persons having large and important interests in the Company may hit at the very root of the conditions now obtaining.

Thanking you for publishing this letter, I am, sir, yours faithfully,

J. M. ALVES.

Hongkong, February 16th, 1919.

HONGKONG PEACE CELEBRATIONS.

GOVERNMENT APPOINTS A COMMITTEE.

The Gazette contains a notification that H.E. the Officer Administering the Government has appointed the following Committee to consider the measures to be taken to celebrate the conclusion of Peace, and the manner in which the victory of the Allied arms shall be commemorated in the Colony of Hongkong: The Hon. Sir C. P. Chater, Kt., C.M.G. (Chairman), Mr. N. J. Stubb, O.B.E. (Hon. Treasurer), Mr. A. O. Lang, (Hon. Secretary), H.E. the General Officer Commanding the Troops, the Commander, the Colonial Secretary, the Treasurer, the Director of Public Works, the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, the Captain Superintendent of Police, Mr. A. F. Agall, Mr. A. Beattie, Commander C. W. Bookwith, R.N., Mr. H. W. Bird, Mr. Chan Kai-ming, Mr. Chau Suk-ki, Mr. Chow Shou-son, Mr. A. H. Compton, Mr. A. G. Coppin, Mr. A. E. Crapnell, Mr. A. David, Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Mr. T. C. Downing, Mr. R. M. Dyer, Mr. F. Graham, Mr. O. S. Gubbay, Dr. G. M. Hanston, the Hon. Mr. Ho Fock, Mr. Ho Kow-tong, Mr. Ho Kwong, the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Mr. T. F. Hough, Mr. H. Humphreys, Mr. W. M. Humphreys, Dr. G. F. Jordan, the Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Mr. A. O. Lang, the Hon. Mr. Lau Chai-pak, Mr. Li Po-kuai, Mr. R. W. Looker, Mr. A. R. Lowe, Mr. G. C. Moxon, Mr. Ng Hon-tai, Mr. R. J. Noronha, Mr. E. Ormiston, Mr. J. D. Parr, Lieut.-Col. W. H. Passy, R.C.A., Mr. E. A. Pease, Mr. A. J. Plummer, the Hon. Mr. O. E. Poldice, K.C., Mr. J. Reid, Mr. W. E. Roberts, Mr. C. L. Sandes, the Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C., O.B.E., the Hon. Mr. R. Shawan, Mr. H. P. Smith, Mr. M. J. D. Stephens, Mr. Ross Thomson, Mr. E. W. To, Mr. J. Tait, Mr. N. L. W. Wain, Mr. H. P. White, and Mr. C. D. Wilkinson.

It will be noticed that, as usual, the Press is not represented, although it makes among the oldest institutions of the Colony and is sure to be called upon for its co-operation.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE. ANNUAL INSPECTION.

H.E. the Officer Administering the Government inspected the members of the Hongkong Police Reserve on Saturday evening, at the Murray Parade ground. There was a large gathering of spectators, including Prince Yugula, of Siam, the Hon. Mr. Lemon (F.M.S.) and the Hon. Mr. E. H. Sharp, K.C. After His Excellency had been received with the general salute, he inspected the force, which was drawn up in the form of a hollow square. This completed, His Excellency took his stand at the saluting base, while the various platoons marched past in columns of four. The Police Reserve then resumed their original formation, and the good service medals and commendations were distributed. H.E. congratulating and shaking hands with each of the recipients.

His Excellency then addressed the parade as follows:—Mr. Jenkin, Superintendent, Inspectors and members of the Police Reserve:—It was intended that on his return to the Colony next month Sir Henry May should have an opportunity of inspecting you for the fifth year in succession, and I feel sure that you all regret that, by his resignation of the Governorship of the Colony, he will be unable to do so. He was responsible for the raising of this force, and throughout the war has taken the keenest interest in all its work. No one can read through the history of the Force, as recorded in the January number of the Police Reserve Gazette, without being struck by the constant recurrence of events in which Sir Henry May participated. His wide knowledge of Police work in this Colony was of the greatest assistance in the early stages of the organisation, and we can only hope that his successor will show the same sympathy in his dealings with the Force.

It is fitting on an occasion such as this to review briefly the work of the past year. I find that, since its enrolment, nearly 800 men have served in the Police Reserve, and have been trained in Police duties, musketry and the rudiments of infantry drill, of whom over 500 are now in the Colony. On an average, about sixty men have been available for duty every night, and have thus maintained the standard achieved in former years. This work entails the sacrifice of many hours of leisure every week, and this continuous and often trying work, performed entirely gratuitously, has been of immense service to the Colony. In connection with these routine duties, I desire particularly to convey the thanks of the Government to the Warrant Officers and the Discipline Officers of the Force, upon whom has fallen the bulk of the detail work, involving constant attention at all times of the day. The Government is also indebted to the employers of many of these officers, for allowing a portion of business hours to be utilised for this work.

The Good Conduct Medals and commendations which I have just and the pleasure of presenting have been awarded for really good work, and their number is an indication of the zeal displayed. I feel that you are all most grateful to the Government by Chief Inspector Farbrother Mason of the Military Cross. A new and important part of your work during the past year has been the supervision of the searching of passengers landing at the various wharves in the Colony. It is work which requires great discrimination and tact, and the fact that it has been performed so smoothly and well is ample evidence of the ability and skill of those members of the force who have been engaged in it.

I should like to mention the ready assistance rendered by the Force in various works of charity. The Boxing tournaments have provided substantial sums of money for several deserving causes, the last one in December having yielded no less a sum than £280 for the aged mother of a colleague in the Naval Yard Police.

Although the Police Reserve has come to occupy an essential part in our life here, and, though raised to meet an emergency, it is not yet possible to release members from duty. I hope, however, that before long the return of the regular police, who have been taking an active part in the war, and additional men will make it possible to relax, in some measure, the present conditions. I must, therefore, appeal to the heads of business and other employers to continue for the present to facilitate the performance by their employees of Police duties. I am aware that on urgent business grounds it is often necessary to apply for exemptions, and such applications are given every consideration. There will be no unnecessary delay in reducing the work as soon as it is possible to do so, but I would remind you of Sir Henry May's desire to give some permanency to this force. The intention was to build up a force to form a reserve of men upon which the Government could call in case of necessity, and it is obviously desirable that in normal times such modified training should be maintained as will keep these who are keen on performing their duty as citizens in a state of efficiency when called upon.

Deputy Superintendent Jenkin, who has been the main-spring of all your activities, is about to take a well-earned holiday, and I am sure you wish both him and Mrs. Jenkin and their family the best of times. I trust that Mr. Jenkin will return fully restored to health and strength, and prepared to conduct this force on what I may call a peace footing in the same able manner in which he has conducted it during the years of war.

I feel much honoured in having had the opportunity of inspecting you to-day, and I congratulate you all on the very smart appearance of the parade, and the excellent discipline and morale of the force.

(Continued on page 7.)

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20 cts. per tin.

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BATH SIZE.

20 cts. per tablet.

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Last two nights of the Cottrell's Acrobatic Troupe.

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"MY OLD DUTCH" in 5 parts.

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LEAGUE OF NATIONS SCHEME OUTLINED:

"A TURNING-POINT IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY":

ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE AND LABOUR BUREAU.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE EMPIRE'S RESOURCES.

PROPOSED INTERNATIONALISATION OF WORLD'S TRADE ROUTES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL AGENTS.)

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

TURNING POINT IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY

PARIS, February 15th.

The special interest evoked in today's plenary session of the Peace Conference was heightened by the knowledge that President Wilson, Lord Robert Cecil, M. Bourgeois and other prominent delegates, were speaking.

President Wilson read the draft of the League of Nations Covenant, and emphasised the occasion as the turning point in the world's history.

Lord Robert Cecil, who followed, emphasised that it was not sufficient to denounce war. He said that international competition must be prevented by the co-operation of the nations, and that the League must improve the conditions of labour by international arrangement. The League must not be a new version of the old alliances. Each nation must work for the happiness of the other countries. Thus, the League would be both their glory and safeguard.

Signor Orlando wholeheartedly supported the principle, which, to day, he said, was a tangible reality. He described the League as a "charter of life born in the sorrow and anguish of countless dead."

GENERAL DISCUSSION ON THE SCHEME

Baron Makino, on behalf of the Japanese Delegation, insisted on the importance of the scheme, and said that, when it came up for discussion, he would make certain proposals.

Mr. G. N. Barnes emphasised the economic burden now weighing on all peoples, and hoped that the war factors would be completely abolished. He rejoined to see an embryo International Labour Charter in the League.

M. Venizelos and Dr. Wellington Koo completely approved the scheme.

Emir Feisal made reservations regarding Article 19, which the object of services would be completely abolished. He rejoined to see an embryo International Labour Charter in the League.

M. Clemenceau, replying to a question by Mr. Hughes, declared that the report would be tabled by President Wilson for discussion as soon as the work was sufficiently advanced.

M. Bourgeois said that it was necessary for each State to maintain forces which, when united, would safeguard the decisions of the League.

INTERNATIONALISATION OF TRADE ROUTES.

A Sub-Committee of the Commission to report on international ports, waterways and railways has been formed. The first meeting was held this afternoon.

It is noteworthy that the Commission is working on the British draft. Similarly, Sub-Committees have been appointed by the Commissions for Labour Legislation, Responsibility for the War, Reparation, and Air.

The main object of the Sub-Committee is to prevent any State from blocking the free transit of goods.

The British view also is that no State should be allowed to exact tolls for goods crossing its territory. This is considered most important, especially for the new States formed during the war, like Czechoslovakia.

Reuter learns that the British Government opposes the principle of international ownership, and prefers the mandatory system for railways, canals, and ports, presenting special difficulties, like the Suez.

SYRIA'S CLAIMS TO INDEPENDENCE.

The Peace Conference Committee yesterday heard the Syrian representative, Chekir Ganem, who claimed the independence of Syria, and suggested that France should be entrusted with the task of giving Syria friendly assistance.

THE RUSSIAN PROBLEM.

Mr. Winston Churchill arrived from London by aeroplane. The close of the plenary session of the Conference and the Russian problem were discussed.

The representatives of the Powers postponed their discussion until tomorrow.

PRESIDENT WILSON.

TEMPORARY ABSENCE FROM FRANCE.

PARIS, February 16th.

President and Mrs. Wilson departed for Brent at this evening.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

TEXT PUBLISHED OFFICIALLY.

LONDON, February 14th.

The text of the League of Nations Covenant has been officially published.

The preamble states that "in order to promote international co-operation and secure international peace and security by the acceptance of obligations, not to resort to war by prescription of open, just and honourable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of understandings of international law as the actual rule of conduct among all Governments, and by the maintenance of a just and scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organised peoples with one another, the Powers signatory to this Covenant adopt this constitution of the League of Nations."

HOW THE COVENANTING PARTIES SHALL ACT.

The opening articles declare that action of the covenanting parties shall be effected through meetings of representative Delegates, at stated intervals, at the seat of the League or elsewhere, and through meetings of the Executive Council, and a permanent International Secretariat at the seat of the League, at more frequent intervals.

Each contracting party at the meetings of the Delegates shall have one vote, but not more than three representatives.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Executive Council shall consist of representatives of the United States, the British Empire, France, Italy, Japan, and four other States, who will be selected by the Delegates.

The meetings of the Executive Council shall be held at least once a year at the seat of the League or elsewhere.

BUSINESS OF THESE MEETINGS.

Any matter within the sphere of action of the League or affecting the world's peace may be dealt with at such meetings. Invitations shall be sent to any Power to attend the Council meeting at which the matter is to be discussed. No decision shall be binding, unless such invitation is extended by the President and until the States shall summon, first, a meeting of the representative Delegates and the Executive Council.

HOW NON-SIGNATORIES MAY SEEK ADMITTANCE.

Article Seven lays down the rule that admission to the League of States which are not signatories to the Covenant requires the assent of no less than two-thirds of the representatives of the States in the Body of Delegates, and shall be limited to fully self-governing countries, including the Dominions and the Colonies.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.

Article Eight states that the high contracting parties recognise the principle that the maintenance of peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety, and the enforcement, by common action, of international obligations, having special regard to the geographical situation and circumstances of each State, and the Executive Council shall formulate the plans effecting such reduction.

CONSIDERATION OF MILITARY EQUIPMENT.

The Executive Council shall also determine for the consideration and action of the several Governments, what military equipment and armament will be fair and reasonable in proportion to the scale of forces laid down in the programme of disarmament, and these limits, when adopted, shall not be exceeded without the permission of the Executive Council.

RESTRICTED MANUFACTURE OF MUNITIONS.

The high contracting parties agree that the private manufacture of munitions and implements of war lends itself to grave objections and direct the Executive Council to advise how the evil effects attendant on such manufacture can be prevented, due regard being had to the necessities of the countries which are unable to manufacture for themselves munitions and implements of war necessary for their safety.

IF UNADJUSTABLE DISPUTES ARISE.

Article Twelve says that high contracting parties may reserve the right to take any action deemed wise as an effective safeguard of peace. Each of the high contracting parties will be entitled to draw the League's attention to circumstances likely to affect international peace or good understanding, on which peace depends.

AN IMPORTANT PROVISION.

The high contracting parties agree in no case to resort to war, without previously submitting unadjustable disputes to arbitration or enquiry by the Executive Council, and until three months after the award by the arbitrators, or the recommendation by the Executive Council, and will not, except then, resort to war against a member of the League, which complies with such award or recommendation.

The award of the arbitrators shall be made within a reasonable time and the Executive Council's recommendation shall be made within six months after the submission of the dispute to the arbitrators.

THE COMPOSITION OF THE COURT OF ARBITRATION.

The Court of Arbitration shall be a Court agreed on by the disputants. The high contracting parties shall agree to carry out in full good faith any award made. If the award is not carried out, the Executive Council shall propose the best steps to give effect to it.

PERMANENT COURT OF INTERNATIONAL JUSTICE.

Provision has been made for the establishment of a permanent Court of International Justice, which will be competent to determine any matter submitted for arbitration.

DISPUTES BETWEEN MEMBERS.

If a dispute arises between the members of the League, which is likely to lead to rupture, and which is not submitted to arbitration, the high contracting parties agree to refer the matter to the Executive Council, and the parties concerned shall promptly furnish statements of their case.

PUBLICATION OF TERMS OF SETTLEMENT.

Arrangements are to be made for the publication of the nature of the dispute and the terms of settlement, with appropriate explanations, where a settlement is effected. If the dispute is not settled, the Council shall publish all the necessary facts, explanation, and recommendations, which the Council think just for the settlement.

TO GIVE EFFECT TO RECOMMENDATIONS.

If any party refuse to comply, the Council shall propose measures necessary to give effect to the recommendations, but if no such unanimous report can be reached, the majority and minority statements and the recommendations shall be issued and provision made for reference of the dispute by the Executive Council to the representative delegates, which shall be designated a Body of Delegates, who shall thereupon be vested with Executive Council power.

PENALTIES TO REFRACTORY MEMBERS.

Article Sixteen declares that if any high contracting party breaks or disregards its covenants under Article Twelve, it, *ipso facto*, shall be deemed to have committed an act of aggression against all the other members of the League, which hereby undertake immediately to subject it to severance from all trade or financial relations, the prohibition of all intercourse between their nationals and the nationals of the Covenant-breaking State, and the prohibition of all commercial or personal intercourse between the nationals of the Covenant-breaking State and the nationals of any other State, whether member of the League or not.

AN INTERNATIONAL ARMED FORCE.

It shall be the Executive Council's duty to recommend what effective military or naval force the members of the League shall severally contribute to the armed force to be used to protect the League's covenants.

FINANCIAL AND ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE.

The high contracting parties agree mutually to support one another in financial and economic measures under this Article, in order to minimise the resultant loss and inconvenience, and will mutually support one another in resisting special measures aimed at one of their number by the Covenant-breaking State, and will afford a passage through their territory to the forces of any high contracting parties co-operating to protect the League's covenants.

DISPUTES BETWEEN MEMBERS AND NON-MEMBERS.

Article Seventeen deals with disputes between members and non-members of the League, or between non-member States. The high contracting parties agree that non-member States shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership of the League for the purposes of dispute.

The Executive Council shall thereupon, immediately, institute an inquiry into circumstances and merits of the dispute, and recommend the most desirable action. Should a non-member power refuse to accept the obligations of membership of the League, which in the case of a member of the League would constitute a breach of Article Twelve, then the provisions of Article Twelve shall be applicable against the State taking such action.

DISPUTES BETWEEN NON-MEMBERS.

If both disputants decline to accept the obligations of membership for the purposes of their dispute, the Executive Council may take steps to prevent hostilities and bring about a settlement of the dispute.

THE FATE OF THE GERMAN COLONIES.

Article Nineteen deals with the "Colonies and territories which, in consequence of the late war, ceased to be under the sovereignty of the States formerly governing them, and which are inhabited by peoples not yet able to stand by themselves under the strenuous conditions of the modern world."

"The principle should be applied that the well-being and development of such peoples should form the sacred trust of civilisation, and securities for the performance of this trust should be embodied in the League's constitution."

SCHEME OF MANDATORIES ADOPTED.

"The best method of giving practical effect to this principle is that the tutelage of such peoples should be entrusted to advanced nations, who, by reason of their resources, experience, or geographical position, can best undertake this responsibility, and that this tutelage should be exercised by them as Mandatories on behalf of the League."

THE CHARACTER OF THE MANDATE.

"The character of the mandate must differ according to the stage of development of the people, geographical situation, territorial, its economic conditions, and other similar circumstances."

"Certain communities, formerly belonging to the Turkish Empire, have reached a stage of development where their existence as independent nations can be provisionally recognised, subject to assistance by a Mandatory Power until such time as they are able to stand alone. The wishes of these communities must be a principal consideration in the selection of the Mandatory Power."

"Other peoples, especially those in Central Africa, are at such a stage that the Mandatory Power must be responsible for the administration of the territory, subject to conditions which guarantee freedom of conscience and religion."

"These conditions will themselves be subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, and prohibition of abuses, such as slave trade, arms and liquor traffic, the prevention of establishment of fortifications or military and naval bases, and military training of natives for other than police purposes, and the defence of the territory, and will also secure equal opportunities for trade and commerce of the other members of the League."

SPECIFIC EXCEPTIONS.

"There are territories, such as South West Africa and certain South Pacific Islands, which, owing to sparseness of population, small size, remoteness from centres of civilisation, or geographical contiguity to the Mandatory State, or other circumstances, can best be administered under the laws of the Mandatory State, as integral portions thereof, subject to the safeguards mentioned above, in the interests of the indigenous population."

THE DEGREE OF AUTHORITY.

"The degree of authority, control or administration to be exercised by the Mandatory State shall, if not previously agreed upon by the high contracting parties, be explicitly defined in a special Act or Charter."

"The high contracting parties shall further agree to establish, at the seat of the League, a Mandatory Commission to receive and examine the annual reports of the Mandatory Powers and assist the League, thereby ensuring the observance of the terms of all mandates."

Article Twenty states that the high contracting parties shall endeavour to secure and maintain fair and humane conditions of labour for men, women, and children in their own and in all countries to which their commercial and industrial relations extend, and shall agree to establish, as part of the organisation of the League, a permanent Labour Bureau.

THE INFLUENZA SCOURGE.

MELBOURNE, January 30th.

The quarantine regulations are tending to disorganise shipping.

The number of cases of influenza in Sydney, up to the present, has been 23.

The Cabinet has ordered everyone to wear masks, 700,000 of which must be manufactured before Monday, after which date persons not wearing masks will be liable to arrest.

THE SITUATION IN VICTORIA.

LONDON, January 31st.

Five hundred and fifty-nine cases of influenza are reported from Victoria. Thirty deaths have occurred. Church services are allowed on condition that every worshipper wears a mask.

PNEUMONIC INFLUENZA AT ADELAIDE.

ADELAIDE, January 31st.

Thirty cases of influenza, mostly pneumonic, are reported here.

GERMANY.

BERLIN'S INSOLENT REPLY TO FOCH'S NOTE.

AMSTERDAM, February 14th.

Replying to Marshal Foch's Note, regarding the despatch of a Commission to Poland, the German Government claims the right to clear East Prussia of Polish insurgents, and refuses to accept the instructions of its opponents, regarding the behaviour of the authorities in East Prussia.

THE NEW CABINET.

BALE, February 14th.

A message from Weimar states that a new German Cabinet has been formed and includes:—Prime Minister, Herr Scheidemann; Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Finance, Herr Schiffer; Minister for Foreign Affairs, Count Brockdorff von Rantzen; Minister for War, Herr Noske; Minister for the Colonies, Herr Bell; Ministers, without a portfolio, are Herr Erzberger and Dr. David.

Dr. David has, consequently, resigned the presidency of the General Assembly.

SOME MEASURES OF THE NEW MINISTRY.

Herr Scheidemann announced the temporary continuance of rationing with a view to the ultimate socialisation of the economic services. He also announced a better housing scheme, confiscation of war profits, a double tax on incomes above a certain amount, and a special tax on large fortunes.

Herr Scheidemann hailed the obtaining of equal rights for women as the greatest conquest of the new, jurisdictional order.

POLAND.

THE NUCLEUS OF A NAVY FORMED.

OMERDAM, February 14th.

The Poles have formed a nucleus of the Polish navy.

The Tsar counter-manded the order, but the War Minister, M. Sukhomlinov, and the Chief of the Staff disobeyed him for good reason. Professor Oman also proves that Prince Lichnowsky genuinely tried to avert the war.

BRITISH LABOUR UNREST.

MATTERS REACH A CRISIS.

LONDON, February 14th.

The Executive of the Transport Workers' Federation conferred with the employers in London yesterday. It was subsequently announced that negotiations had reached an impasse.

The Minister for Labour proposed arbitration. This proposal will be considered at the National Conference Federation which adjourned until February 18th. Meanwhile, the Executive was instructed to confer with the Executive of the Railways and Miners' Unions, in order to reconsider the respective national programmes.

SURFACE MINERS WORKERS STRIKE.

LONDON, February 14th.

At a Conference of the Council of the Surface Miners' Federation in London, yesterday, it was stated that, owing to the mine owners' indefinite postponement, the demand for an eight hour day was in danger. The men are laying down their tools.

BELFAST UNIONS INSIST ON FORTY-FOUR HOUR WEEK.

LONDON, February 14th.

Meetings of the Engineers' Boiler Makers' and Joiners' Unions in Belfast, yesterday, resolved to adhere to the demand for a forty-four hour week.

BELFAST STRIKERS REFUSE SETTLEMENT.

The ballot of the Belfast strikers rejected the provisional settlement cabled on February 10th.

THE KUT TRAGEDY.

GENERAL TOWNSEND LIFTS THE VEIL.

SINGAPORE, February 14th.

General Townsend, in a speech at Norwich, alluded to Mr. Edmund Candler's criticism. He said that he (the speaker) was perhaps a better judge of circumstances than Mr. Candler, who was not present at Kut that Christmas night when the Turks succeeded in getting into the forts.

Kut was finished, and there were many grave reasons why speedy relief was necessary. He telegraphed to the Commander-in-Chief: "I must be relieved within a month, otherwise I will not stay here."

The Commander-in-Chief guaranteed to save him in a month, but failed. General Townsend added that he was only able to hold out so long as he did by compelling the Arabs to disgorge hidden grain.

THE INFLUENZA SCOURGE.

RE-APPEARANCE IN AUSTRALIA.

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THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

UNDEVELOPED RESOURCES OF THE EMPIRE.

LONDON, February 14th.

Mr. Wilson Fox moved an amendment to the Address, advocating an inquiry into the prospects of increasing the revenue by stimulating productive enterprise throughout the Empire. He cited, as an instance, Mr. Winston Churchill's bold statement on behalf of the Government, in the Anglo-Persian Oil Company, which was yielding a dividend of eight per cent.

Mr. Bigland seconded, and emphasised the enormous undeveloped resources of the Empire. For instance, the whale fisheries in the Antarctic, and pointed out that the Empire possessed the main portion of the world's food, especially fish, which, if developed by a National Fishing Fleet, would produce ten million tons of fish annually and provide a profit of several millions sterling for the exchequer.

POSSIBILITIES OF QUICK STATE-ACQUIRED WEALTH.

Mr. Amery, on behalf of the Government, said that Mr. Bonar Law assured him to say that the Government considered all possible opportunities for a select Committee of Inquiry. He suggested that we had come near the limit of the ordinary methods of getting revenue, and might inquire whether the system of partnership with industry would not be advantageous in the creation of new sources of wealth.

We had reached a stage in the development of the Empire when we must consider all possible opportunities for the State creating wealth quickly. There was a great field for the State in avenues where individual enterprise might not be tempted to venture.

On the other hand, our Protectorates must not be exploited for revenue purposes to the disregard of the natives for whom we were trustees.

Mr. Amery was of opinion that Imperial preference now stood above Party strife, as all agreed that the fellow-countrymen of the Empire were on a different plane to that of the foreigner.

He concluded by emphasising the boundless resources of the Empire and said that it was only a question of bringing the people of this country into fruitful contact with these boundless potentialities of acquiring wealth.

The amendment was withdrawn.

MR BONAR LAW ON THE LABOUR SITUATION.

Mr. Bonar Law, speaking on behalf of the Premier, expressed the suggestion that the Government were doing nothing to deal with the labour situation.

One of the probable results of heavy excess profits duty would be the absence of working capital, which would be a danger to the country in trade competition. He appealed to trade union leaders to use their strength for the good of the community.

Distinction must be drawn between efforts to obtain better workers' conditions by limiting employers' profits and efforts to achieve the same end by penalising the community.

In the latter case, the Government would defend the community. We were going to have an anxious time, but he was confident that we would come through it.

After further discussion of a conciliatory character, the Labour amendment was defeated by 311 votes to 50.

A MAGNIFICENT DONATION.

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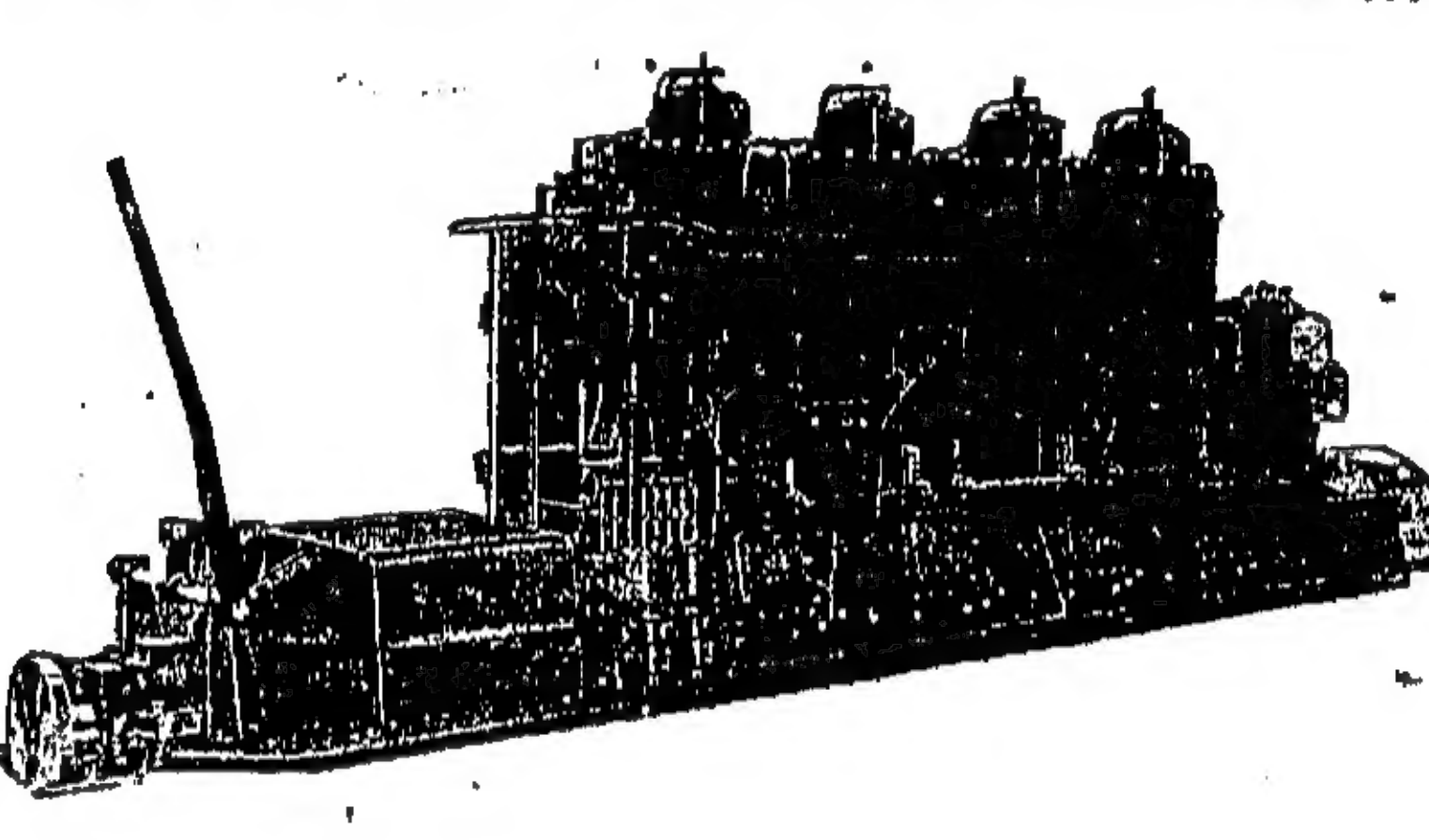
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The Engine for economy and reliability. The Engine that is NOT a Diesel.
The Engine with invisible exhaust. The Engine that is NOT a Semi-Diesel.

THE ENGINE THAT IS THE BOLINDER AND THE STANDARD FOR HOT BULB ENGINES

With and without waterpump. Yearly output over 70,000 B.H.P.

Stocks kept. Spares always on hand.
Deliveries can now be made.

DELCO-LIGHT.
The standard of self contained Electric Plants for Bungalows, Motor Yachts, etc.
Machines in Stock for 47, 16, C. P. Lights up to 280, 16, C. P.
Automatic and Works entirely on KEROSENE.

Sole Agents for the East:
W. G. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
Machinery Department, Hongkong.
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"BEN" LINE OF STEAMERS.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
S.S. "BENDORAN"

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk at the Godown of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., and unless they are left in the Godown, and Goods remaining undelivered after the 16th February will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before February 23rd or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on February 15th at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bill of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, February 10th, 1919. [319]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer
"NOVARA"
Arrived Hongkong on February 11th, 1919.
FROM LONDON, COLOMBO & STRAITS

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godown at Kowloon, where delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 6 hours.

Goods not cleared within 8 days including date of arrival will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the "consignee," and the Company's Surveyor, Messrs. GORDON and DOUGLAS, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within 10 days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown.

P. I. KNIGHT
Acting Superintendent
Hongkong, February 11th, 1919.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, BOMBAY, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS & LONDON.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, AMERICA, CONTINENTAL AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Homeward Mail Steamer, carrying His Majesty's Mail, will be despatched from this port on Monday, taking Cargo for the above Ports. Passenger accommodation in the connecting vessel, when available, secured before departure from Hongkong.

Size and Valuable Cargo for Italy, France and London (under arrangement) will be conveyed by this Steamer proceeding to Bombay and there transhipped to the connecting Steamer for Marseilles and London.

Parcels will be received at the Office until 3 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required. For further particulars, sailing dates, etc. apply to

E. V. D. PARK,
Superintendent.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.
(Ellerman & Bucknall S.S. Co. Ltd.)

THE Steamship "BLOEMFONTEIN"
will be despatched for:
NEW YORK VIA PANAMA CANAL
on the 25th February.

For freight and further particulars apply to:
THE BANK LINE, LTD.
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SPORT.

LEAGUE CRICKET.

CIVIL SERVICE BEAT CRAIGEN-GOWER.

Playing at home, on Saturday, the Civil Service avenged the defeat they sustained earlier in the season at the hands of the Craigen-gower Club. They are still in the third place in the League table, a position which they are expected to improve upon before the season advances further. For some unknown reason, D. Runjahn was not included in the Craigen-gower team, which missed him as well as Goldenberg, who has just recovered from an attack of influenza. Hall and Ellis were introduced into the team—an experiment that did not work successfully.

Craigen-gower's bowling was good, but at least two catches were missed which made a material difference to the score. Ford dropping one from Thomson behind the wickets and Abbas failing to hold one from Lambie. Through six of the Civil Service batsmen reached double figures, there was no display of outstanding merit. Omar bowled even better than his figures indicate.

Craigen-gower, having only twice this season exceeded the century, it was realized that they would have to bat with extreme care if they were to pass the Civil Service score of 121. The result was not long in doubt. Ling and Bird opened the bowling, and when the score was in the fifties, Hamilton was given the ball. Between the three of them, Craigen-gower were dismissed for 89 runs, the Civil Service therefore winning by 32 runs. The Civil Service fielding was not quite up to its usual good standard.

CIVIL SERVICE.

E. W. Hamilton, c Jex, b Omar	6
B. W. Bradbury, b Omar	15
R. E. G. Bird, b Omar	16
A. E. Wood, c Abbas, b Omar	9
F. J. Ling, c Hall, b Abbas	19
D. S. Smalley, c Abbas	3
P. T. Lambie, not out	12
F. Syme Thomson, l.b.w., b Lambie	1
H. Strange, b Omar	22
W. H. Edmunds, c Ellis, b Omar	11
C. Sara, b Omar	6
Extras	11
Total	121

Bowling Analysis.

Omar	14.5	0	39	7
Abbas	14	4	50	2
Lambie	5	0	21	1

CRAIGEN-GOWER.

S. Jex, c Lambie, b Bird	11
W. Hall, c Wood, b Bird	1
J. D. Norrie, b Ling	0
R. Basa, b Hamilton	24
F. G. Thompson, b Hamilton	21
T. F. Ford, c Ling, b Hamilton	0
L. E. Lambert, c Hamilton	6
M. H. Abbas, b Bradbury	5
U. Omar, b Bird	5
G. Manley, not out	6
H. Ellis, c Strange, b Bird	2
Extras	7
Total	89

Bowling Analysis.

Ling	10	3	16	1
Bird	8	0	42	4
Hamilton	7	0	24	5

CHINESE DRAW WITH THE MANCHESTERS.

The Chinese Recreation Club had much the better of a drawn match against the Manchester Regiment, at Causeway Bay, on Saturday. The soldiers lacked two of their best men—Sergeant Hall, who has injured his leg, and R.Q.M.S. Allan. The Chinese made a lively start. After Ng Sze Kwong had given a head catch to point at the commencement of his innings, he stayed in to make 41 runs out of the 63 scored by the first wicket partnership. The Manchesters' fielding was slack, especially in the outfield, where many needless boundaries were given. The Chinese declared their innings closed when they had compiled 138 for the loss of 8 wickets.

The soldiers went in to bat at 4.10 p.m. and, not one being quite certain of the time at which League matches are supposed to stop this month, stumps were drawn at 5.45 p.m. The Manchesters were content to let the match be drawn, and play was, at times, monotonous. Cavanaugh battled very well indeed. Scores:—

C.R.C.

Ng Sze Kwong, b Cavanaugh	41
Yow Man Tuen, c Walker, b Cavanaugh	19
Sin Man Ping, c Horrocks, b Cavanaugh	15
G. Lee, c King, b Horrocks	7
H. Ching, c Smith, b Cavanaugh	17
James Wong, c Bird, b Cavanaugh	0
Wong Po Keung, c Horrocks, b Harden	6
Chow Yut Cheung, b Horrocks	15
Liu Yat Moon, not out	0
C. F. Lee, not out	0
Extras	9
Total (for 8 wickets, declared)	138

Cheung Wing Kin did not bat.

Bowling Analysis.

Harden	10	2	34	1
Horrocks	7	2	30	2
Cavanaugh	10	1	37	0
Bundla	8	1	20	0

MANCHESTERS REGIMENT.

Pto. Walker, b Ng Sze Kwong	7
Corpl. Horrocks, c Ching, b Ng Sze Kwong	5
Capt. Bundla, c and b Ng Sze Kwong	2
Lieut. Cavanaugh, c Ching, b Yow Man Tuen	27
C.S.M. Kennan, c Liu Yat Moon, b Ng Sze Kwong	4
Lee. Corpl. Deakin, run out	13
Sergeant Harden, b Ng Sze Kwong	10
Lieut. King, c Liu Yat Moon, b C.F. Lee	0
C.Q.M.S. Smith, not out	5
Pto. Strahan, not out	5
Extras	2
Total (for 8 wickets)	80

Bowling Analysis.

Yow Man Tuen	9	1	33	2
Ng Sze Kwong	13	1	45	5
Lee	5	0	9	0
Sin Man Ping	5	1	12	0

*Bowled a wide.

UNIVERSITY DEFENCE THE NAVY.

In spite of a very meritorious innings by Signaller Hack—the biggest he has made in local cricket—the Navy were beaten by the University, on Saturday, on the University ground, on Saturday. The Navy were without the services of Lieuts. Stanton and Bernard and P. M. Holborn, and had to utilise the services of three new men.

Signaller Hack played right through the Navy innings, the first time such a feat has been achieved in this season's league cricket. Batting with great steadiness and never taking risks, he made some very pretty drives to the off. Marley performed the "hat trick" and, later, took two wickets with successive balls. The University won by 15 runs.

The Marley-Runjahn-Ponsonby-Fane-Wright-Rodmond combination won the match for their side. Wright's batting was characterised by some good shots to leg, while Ponsonby-Fane played with his usual care.

UNIVERSITY.

A. H. Runjahn, b Coombes	38
W. Guitens, c and b Kennett	4
G. E. Marley, c Cary, b Kennett	32
K. A. Ponsonby-Fane, b Lee	35
F. E. Rodmond, b Lee	10
F. J. D. Wright, b Hack	47
D. K. Sany, b Robinson	4
C. Choa, run out	4
Cheung Toon Lock, not out	0
Sun Kwok Leung, run out	0
Lim King Sim, absent	0
Extras	16
Total	187

Bowling Analysis.

Kennett	15.1	1	45	2
Hack	6	0	43	0
Coombes	6	0	35	2
Lee	8	1	22	2
Robinson	5	1	35	1

NAVY.

Capt. Kennett, b Marley	18
Sig. Hack, not out	54
Lieut. Cary, b Marley	0
Sergeant Dennis, b Marley	1
Commodore Gurner, b Marley	11
Paymr. Robinson, b Marley	37
Logan, c and b Marley	0
Sig. Thurgarland, b Ponsonby	10
Fane	0
Coombes, l.b.w., b Ponsonby-Fane	0
Sig. Bartlett, b Marley	14
Lee, b Rodmond	0
Extras	9
Total	108

R.G.A. DEFEAT KOWLOON.

The Royal Garrison Artillery practically won the League honours for this year when they defeated Kowloon, on Saturday. They have several matches still to play, but should find nothing good enough to beat them.

The Artillerymen stepped out and drove Fickson and James. Sergeant Ahorne, who was also in, also did well. Corpl. Mann, Colman was able to declare the innings closed when they had scored 189 for the loss of six wickets.

Kowloon fared worse than they had done in any League match this season. Nine wickets were down with 40 runs still in the thirties, but of a total of 51 J. P. Robinson was responsible for 31. The R.G.A. won by 111 runs.

R.G.A.

Cpl. Mann, c Robinson, b Overy	37
Gr. Middleton, b James	22
Br. Sherman, c Cochrane, b Overy	20
Sgt. Dommond, c Taylor, b Overy	7
Sgt. Ahorne, not out	41
Gr. Sharpe, sub, b James	5
Lt. Colman, b Cochrane	32
Extras	4
Total (for 6 wickets, declared)	162

Lt. Sutherland, Gr. Baines, Lt. Torr, Sgt. Talford, did not bat.

Bowling Analysis.

Pestonji	10	0	38	0
James	14	1	45	2
Overy	14	0	65	3
Taylor	7	1	21	0
Cochrane	1.2	0	1	1

L. Blackburn, b Baines 2
D. M. Goodall, c Colman, b Baines 4
C. P. James, b Athorne 5
A. de Souza, c Dommond, b Baines 0
J. P. Robinson, not out 31
H. H. Taylor, b Athorne 0
T. M. Cochrane, b Athorne 0
P. Pestonji, c Torr, b Athorne 1
J. D. Birrell, b Baines 0
H. Overy, c Sherman, b Athorne 1
E. J. Edwards, b Baines 2
Extras 4
Total 51

Bowling Analysis.

Baines	11.1	4	20	5
Athorne	10	8	22	6
Sharpe	1	0	8	0

LEAGUE TABLE.

(UP TO FEBRUARY 15TH.)

R.G.A.	P	W	L	D	Pts.
Craigen-gower	12	7	4	1	22
Civil Service	10	6	2	2	20
Kowloon	9	5	3	1	18
Manchesters	9	4	3	2	14
University	10	3	4	3	13
G.R.C.	10	2	4	4	10
Navy	10	1	5	4	7
R.E.	11	1	10	1	4

BILLIARDS.

A meeting in connection with the Soldiers' Club Billiard Challenge Cup, of which the Police Reserve are the present holders, will be held in the Reading-room of the Soldiers' Club to-day, at 11 a.m. The rules under which the competition will take place this season. All units intending to enter the competition are invited to send a representative.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

SHIELD TOURNAMENT.

SOUTH CHINA ATHLETIC, 2, ROYAL ENGINEERS, 1.

These teams met on the Club ground, on Saturday, and a very fine game was witnessed. The huge crowd was kept in excellent order, and the play was fast and keen without any of the unpleasant incidents that so often mar local football. The Athletic kicked off and at once attacked, almost managing to score, but a player was given offence in the vicinity of goal. Then the ball was transferred to the other end, but the Chinese custodian kicked clear. A good centre from the Athletic left-wing was headed off by the bar. Fane, who was put in a long, hard shot, which, however, was again called upon to clear, and the soldiers looked lively scorers, until a wild kick by Townsend sent the leather well over the cross-bar. Another fine shot from Fane shortly afterwards almost deserved to score. The Athletic opened the account from a penalty which they were awarded on account of an opponent handling. An Ki San took the kick and beat Betts without difficulty. F. E. again took up the running after this, and Fane, who can move a great deal quicker than his speedy opponents, got in a fine wing run, finishing with a beautiful long shot, which hit the cross-bar and rebounded into play. Townsend next headed Lau Hing Cheong, who saved well. One of the Athletic players then had the misfortune to damage his foot and was carried off the field, the Athletic playing the remainder of the time with only ten men. The civilians were unable to utilise a corner, and the Army got the ball away. Jarvis gave Connell an opening, but the Athletic back was much too quick on the ball for the soldier to make use of his opportunity. A corner followed, and Townsend finally eased the situation by kicking behind. A lovely centre from the Athletic right wing might have resulted in a goal but the would-be scorer fell in the goal-mouth before taking his kick. The Athletic were one goal up when the interval arrived.

Almost immediately after the resumption of play, the Athletic made a neat run down the field and netted their second goal. Kwok Po Kan doing the trick. A spell of midfield play followed, and then Au Ki San got going nicely on the left wing, and put in a wonderful shot, which just skimmed the cross-bar. A free kick outside the R.E. penalty-area looked dangerous; in fact, the Athletic scored an off-side goal before the ball could be properly cleared. The Sappers then attacked, and the Athletic custodian was called upon several times. Townsend was responsible for the Army goal, scoring after an excellent individual effort, during which he was well hustled but managed to retain control of the ball. The Chinese goal soon had another narrow escape; indeed, at this period, it seemed that the soldiers would certainly draw and possibly win, for they were having much the better of the exchanges. On one occasion the Athletic goalkeeper was called out to clear from Connell, and only a very smart piece of work on the part of Cheung Wing-on prevented the ball entering the net during his absence. A couple of corners followed, and Jarvis finally headed over. The Athletic then got the danger zone until the final whistle sounded, leaving them winners by two goals to one. They will now have to meet either the Hongkong C.C. or the Navy in the final Mr. Tucker was in charge of the game.

HONGKONG LEAGUE, DIVISION II.

ROYAL NAVY RES. 1, SOUTH CHINA ATHLETIC RES. 1.

This game took place on the Navy ground. At the interval neither team had managed to score. During the second half, however, Quinn opened the account for the Navy. The Athletic shortly afterwards equalised, the game ending in a draw.

KOWLOON, 1, 3RD CO. R.G.A., 0.

Very few people witnessed this game, which took place on the Navy ground, all the interest being centred on the Club ground, where the Shield match was taking place. Play was fairly even. Nicholls, for the gunners, had hard lines in not scoring, just heading over the bar. Knight, netted for Kowloon in the first half. Towards the end of the match the Artillerymen attacked, but were unable to save the game, Kowloon winning by the only goal.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

Very little that is useful can be said yet of the form of the China ponies that are running next Monday, because up to yesterday only the outside course was being used, and scarcely any of the ponies were stretched to a degree that allowed one to form any trustworthy opinion of their capabilities. Messrs. Moller, Daigleish, E. H. Reid and Vida have already arrived, but there are still several other gentlemen riders expected from Shanghai. The work seen on Saturday, when a large gathering of racing enthusiasts (including H.E. the Officer Administering the Government) assembled at the Racecourse to witness the training, was not at all convincing.

There is, of course, much speculation as to the Derby winner, and here it may be said that a surprise similar to that of last year may take place. "Wisdom" and "Alexander" are fancied by a few knowing ones, but the surprise may come from the Moller stables, the ponies from which have an impressive appearance. A better opinion can be formed of Mr. Potter's ponies when the weights are known. Mr. "Dryadus's" candidate has been doing slow work up to the present, and will not be stretched till Mr. Johnston arrives from Shanghai. Sir Paul O'Hanor's Derby entrants do not seem likely winners, and perhaps he will have to content himself with some of the smaller races.

Of the old ponies, "Attraction" and "Dalla" are receiving most attention, while "Burst Length" is considered one of the best of the subscription geldings.

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.

ENTERTAINMENT BY MEDICAL SOCIETY.

On Saturday night, in the Great Hall of the University, the members of the Medical Society organised a pleasing entertainment to celebrate the completion of the New Medical Schools. There was a large audience present, including the Pro-Vice-Chancellor, the Professors of the University, Sir Boshan Wei Yuk, C.M.G., the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C. and Mrs. Pollock, Mr. E. A. Irving, Dr. and Mrs. G. P. Jordan, Dr. F. T. Koy, Mr. Ho Kai, the Rev. T. W. Pearce, Mr. K. Brayshaw, Mr. R. A. Ponsonby-Fane, Dr. Ma (Chui Ki), Dr. Ma Luk, Prof. W. Brown, the Rev. O. B. Shann, Dr. and Mrs. Strahan, Miss Kitty Fox, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Frank, Mr. D. K. Sedna, Dr. and Mrs. T. P. Wong, Dr. and Mrs. H. Balaan, Mr. and Mrs. Lo Cheung Shi, Mr. and Mrs. M. K. Lo, Mr. W. Sinclair, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Redmond, Mr. I. Day, Dr. and Mrs. B. C. Wong, Dr. Wong Ng Chuen, Dr. and Mrs. Heanley, Dr. Chan Wai Cheung, Dr. Chan Chung San, Dr. Woo Lay Kung, Dr. T. E. Cheah, Dr. and Mrs. Chan Chin Hang, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Chak, Mr. and Mrs. Chan Hing Sing, Miss Oamara, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Marley, Miss J. Bass, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Leung.

The first part of the programme consisted of vocal and instrumental items. Mrs. A. Balaan charmed her hearers with two violin solos, and Miss Elfrida Osmund gave a capital rendering of the piano solo, "The March of the Dwarfs." Both performers received loud applause and had to respond to encores. In the second part of the programme, the University students staged scenes from "Julius Caesar." During an interval refreshments were served.

THE PROGRAMME WAS AS FOLLOWS:—

PART I.
Overture, "Three Six," Messrs. Zin I Ding, Sung Zau Yoon, Pao Yeh (Bun Song), Mandarin, Mr. Shih Wei Hui, Accompanied by Mr. Sung Zui Yun. Piano Solo, "Rhapsody (No. 8) (Liszt), Mr. S. H. To.
Song (a) "The birds go North again" and (b) "Friend O'mine," Mr. Harold Piercy.
Violin Solo (a) Air (Bach) and (b) "Souvenir de Bordeaux" (Guido Papini). Mrs. A. Balaan.
Song, (a) "Coolan Dhu" (Leoni) and (b) "Il bacio" (Arditi). Mrs. G. E. Marley.
Piano Solo, "March of the Dwarfs," Miss Elfrida Osmund.

PART II.
"Julius Caesar," Act III, Scene 1: (a) On the way to the Capitol; (b) Murder of Caesar.
Act III, Scene 2: Brutus and Antony harangue the Crowd.
Cassius—"Julius Caesar," K. S. Lim; "Julius Caesar," C. Y. Ng; "Mark Antony," M. B. Oamara; "Cassius," T. L. Cheah; "Caesar," A. P. Chen; "Deiuty," C. H. Yeoh; "Metellus Cimber," L. T. Gunn; "Cinna," E. H. Lim; "Publius," K. C. Cheung; "Tribunus," S. N. Chau; "Artemus," W. H. Shih; "Soothsayer," O. H. Hu; "1st Citizen," H. S. Yeo; "2nd Citizen," H. L. Ong; "3rd Citizen," K. S. Cheah; "4th Citizen," T. S. Cheah.

Senators—V. N. Atienza; K. C. Cheam; C. W. Ho; C. K. Ho; T. P. Khoo; S. S. Thung.
Citizens—K. C. Cheam; S. C. Chia; Choo Shiu Kin; C. W. Ho; K. W. Ip; K. W. Li; Li Sung; H. N. Liu; C. de Bona; E. K. Seah; K. S. Shin; L. S. Shin; H. To; T. M. Tsai; Y. T. Woo; Y. K. Wong; M. K. Yau; I. D. Zia.
Director:—Prof. H. G. Earle.
Business Manager:—V. N. Atienza.

BANK RETURNS.

The returns of the average amount of bank notes in circulation and of specie in reserve in Hongkong, during the month ended January 31st, 1919, as certified by the managers of the respective Banks are:—

Banks.	Average Amount.	Specie in Reserve.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	8,839,143	5,000,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	24,761,129	17,000,000
Merchant Bank of India, Limited	1,154,509	500,000
Total	\$34,754,781	\$22,500,000

*Selling Securities deposited with the Crown Agents valued at £100,000.
† Securities with the Crown Agents £125,000.

THE VICTORIA THEATRE.

Crowded houses rewarded the efforts of the management of the Victoria Theatre on Saturday and yesterday, when a further serial of Alexander Dumas' famous work, "The Count of Monte Cristo," was screened. The American gaucio, a most interesting selection of pictures of the principal events in the world; the feats of the eccentric acrobats, the Cottrell Brothers; and the songs and dances of Miss Sophie Cottrell all contributed to a pleasing and varied programme.

To-day, the management will exhibit a famous William Fox master-piece, "Slander," featuring the renowned international actress, Madame Kalich.

At the Palace Hotel, on Saturday, in a game of 500 up, Sergeant Goodman (Manchester Regiment) beat Sergeant Drummond (R.G.A.) by 90 points. The winner made a break of 82.

The United States Court of Appeals has affirmed in every particular the judgment rendered by Judge Lohngier at Shanghai in favour of Leonard Swire, now with the United States Shipping Board in Manila, against Swire and Hoyt for G.S.700.

CABLES.

EARLIER CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARLIAMENT,
RAILWAYMEN'S LEADER'S
SENSIBLE ADVICE.

LONDON, February 13th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. J. H. Thomas, the railwaymen's leader, laid down the propositions, firstly, that the State was greater than the Trade Unions, and, secondly, that Trade Unionists must accept the verdict of the electors. He would never lead a strike against the considered judgment of the whole nation. He urged the working classes to recognise their own responsibility if a genuine attempt was made to redress their grievances and the employers displayed toleration. He was not apprehensive regarding the future, if that spirit prevailed.

PARLIAMENT AND THE PEACE
TREATY.

LONDON, February 13th.
In his reply to the question whether Parliament would have power to alter the Peace Treaty, Mr. Bonar Law added that so far as Britain was concerned the Treaty would not be ratified until Parliament had expressed its opinion on it. Mr. Bonar Law's reply indicated that the Treaty would have to be ratified or rejected *en bloc*.

OUR NOBLE DEAD

LONDON, February 13th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Winston Churchill stated that a Committee was considering the question of enabling relatives to visit graves of soldiers in France and Flanders.

ALIEN ENEMIES IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, February 13th.
In the House of Commons, Mr. Shortt stated that the general repatriation of alien enemies in the United Kingdom was being carried out as far as shipping permitted. Over 6,000 had been repatriated since the Armistice, and 18,000 enemy civilians were at present interned in the United Kingdom.

BRITISH LABOUR UNREST.

REPLY OF THE MINERS'
FEDERATION

LONDON, February 14th.
The Executive of the Miners' Federation, replying to the Government's proposals, does not accept the data upon which the offer is based and denies the statement that a thirty per cent. increase in wages would prejudice economic life. The reply emphasises the necessity of shorter hours and a higher standard of living, and the unanimity with which the Conference rejected the Government's proposals, saying the hopes and desires of the miners are pinned to a speedy realisation of their demands. Should a crisis arise, the miners disclaim all responsibility.

GERMANY.

DEMORILISATION OF ARMY
ALMOST COMPLETE.

LONDON, February 13th.
Reuter learns that the demobilisation of the German Army is almost completed except for 100,000 men still in the East. A German Volunteer Army of 300,000, composed of good experienced soldiers, was being formed, but its discipline at present is very bad and recruiting is apathetic. Nothing like the full total has yet been raised.

BOLSHEVISM.

TROOPS STILL UNRELIABLE.

LONDON, February 13th.
The Bolshevik troops in Petrograd and North West Russia are still very unreliable. There are 25,000 Bolshevik troops on the North Front. The Siberian troops attack dashing but unfortunately are incapable of a systematic offensive, and Bolshevik propaganda has caused disaffection.

THE ENEMY'S MERCANTILE
FLEET.

MANNER IN WHICH THEY WILL
BE USED.

PARIS, February 13th.
The Inter-Allied Maritime Transport Council has decided that Austro-German merchant vessels, shall be chiefly employed in the repatriation of troops and in supplying food to different regions in Europe. The vessels, totalling 750,000 tons, are at present sea worthy.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.
PLENARY SITTING OF PEACE
CONFERENCE.

PARIS, February 14th.
A plenary sitting of the Peace Conference is to be held today to discuss the League of Nations.

MORE PROGRESS.

LONDON, February 13th.
A communiqué from Paris, dated February 13th, says after receiving the report of the Drafting Committee, which added several new articles, the League of Nations' Commission proceeded to the second reading of it in final form.

THE REPARATION COMMISSION.

The Allied Reparation Commission heard Mr. Dulles and Lord Sumner respectively explain the American and British viewpoints.

THE ALLEGED RUMANIAN
RISING.

REPORT NOT CONFIRMED.

LONDON, February 13th.
A further report from Vienna of a general rising in Rumania appears to be the same story as that published on January 24th. So far, there is no confirmation elsewhere. Consequently, the source is suspected.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

POLICE RESERVE INSPECTION

(Continued from page 3.)

GOOD SERVICE MEDALS AND COMMENDATIONS.

The following received either Good Service Medals or commendations:—

Good Service Medals.
(1)—Chief Inspector C. F. Mason, M.C. (Absent on Active Service)—for work in connection with the organisation and early training of the Force.
(2)—Staff Inspector J. C. Wildin for raising large sums of money for War and Police Charities.

(3)—Staff Inspector R. G. McEwen for much voluntary extra duty with the Regulars and Reserve.
(4)—Police Reserve Accountant A. Boleau for excellent services in connection with equipment and general accounts.

(5)—Staff Inspector B. W. Tape for good work in connection with Headquarters Stores and the Police Reserve Club.
(6)—Muster Inspector F. Fisher for good work in connection with the Armoury and the Musketry and Revolver courses.

(7)—Inspector F. A. V. Ribeiro for good work in connection with charitable functions, and generally.
(8)—Inspector L. H. Fan for good service as a Unit Commander. (Previously commended by the C.S.P. for intelligent handling of a forged-note case).

(9)—Cr. Sergeant 41 Pun Yau Fong for good service as a Stores Officer, and generally.

(10)—Cr. Sergeant 545 C. M. Castro for exceptional services as Staff Equipment Officer.

(11)—Cr. Sergeant 657 P. C. Faithful (absent) for much voluntary extra work on the wharves with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(12)—Sergt. 548 Baptista for long and good service.

(13)—Sergt. 4 George Lee for good services on the wharves with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(14)—P. C. 137 Chan Yuk Shu for consistent good police work. (Three times commended by the Captain Superintendent of Police for (a) saving life in the street, (b) smart arrest, and (c) smart arrest.)

(15)—Ambulance P. C. 161 Leung Cheung Map for consistent good police work. (Three times commended by C.S.P. for (a) good work during a typhoon, (b) pluck in going to aid of regular police, and (c) smart arrest.)

(16)—P. C. 204 Lam Kwai Yien for consistent good police work. (Three times commended (a) by the Puisne Judge for pluck in a stabbing case, (b) by the C.S.P. for a plucky arrest at great personal danger, and (c) for a smart arrest.)

(17)—P. C. 763 A. Hicks for good work as Editor of the Police Reserve Gazette.

(18)—P. C. 707 E. J. Noronha for good work as Manager of the Police Reserve Gazette.

(19)—Bandsman 583 D. C. Baptista for long and good service.

(20)—P. C. 537 J. G. Ozorio for long and good service.

(21)—P. C. 534 N. C. Lorenciano for long and good service.

(22)—P. C. 669 A. M. Silva for long and good service.

B.—Commended Service.

(1)—Sergeant Major Roylance for plucky arrest of an armed man. (Previously awarded Good Service Medal, also commended by Police Magistrate for zeal and activity.)

(2)—Staff Inspector G. Watt for smart action in effecting an arrest.

(3)—Staff Inspector Taylor for consistent good police work.

(4)—Inspector Baderfeld by H.E. the Governor for prompt action in saving life in the Harbour, also by the C.S.P. for special services in connection with the Search Supervisors' squad. (Previously awarded Good Service Medal.)

(5)—Musketry Sergeant 722 A. el Arculli for services at the Armoury and with the Musketry Department.

(6)—Sergeant 811 Samy. Highly Commended by the Police Magistrate for intelligent action and arrest of a rogue.

(7)—Sergeant 28 Chin (Ching Po) for special services with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(8)—Sergeant 70 Yuen Kwok Yan for special services with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(9)—Sergeant 728 A. Bantle for special services with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(10)—P. C. 644 H. A. Allen for special services with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(11)—P. C. 827 Karim Deen for smart arrest of a snatcher. (Previously commended for intelligent action in Yau-mai coal stealing case.)

(12)—P. C. 513 Remedios for smart arrest of a snatcher.

(13)—P. C. 522 Cruz for smart arrest of a pickpocket.

(14)—P. C. 572 Sales for smart arrest of a thief.

(15)—P. C. 764 Lopes for smart arrest of a thief, also for following up and arresting pickpocket.

(16)—P. C. 88 Choa Hing Kee for special services with the Search Supervisors' squad.

(17)—P. C. 113 Hsu Sau Nam for zeal in investigating a case of larceny. (Previously commended by H.E. the Governor on March 3rd, 1918, for zeal in bringing to justice the Po On murderers.)

(18)—Ambulance P. C. 144 Li Wing for smart arrest of a house-breaker and thief; also for courageous conduct in saving the life of a would-be suicide by drowning.

(19)—Bugler 109 Lai Duen Foo for smart arrest of a snatcher.

(20)—P. C. 217 Leung Shiu Man for pluck in a street robbery case, also for plucky arrest of one of a gang of ricksha coolies during a clan fight.

THE ARMENIAN ATROCITIES

TURKISH TYRANT COMMITS
SUICIDE.

LONDON, February 13th.
A message from Constantinople, dated February 3rd, says that Dr. Rehid Bey, former Vali of Harbekir, who was implicated in the Armenian massacres and recently escaped from custody, was finally discovered and surrounded by Turkish Police, whereupon he committed suicide.

POLAND.

UNPOPULARITY OF JEWS.

LONDON, February 13th.
The Jews are intensely unpopular in Poland owing to their anti-national activities and support of the Germans and Bolsheviks, but the stories of pogroms are greatly exaggerated by Germans and anti-Polish Jews.

TO-DAY
at 5.15

PATHE
PRESENTS

TO-NIGHT
at 9.15

SIGNORINA NAPIERKOWSKA

the world famous premier danseuse

in the

magnificent and spectacular film d'arte Italiana

CALIGULA.

Thousands of actors—Roman soldiers, courtiers, dancing girls and early Christians.

Wonderful scenes of ancient Rome including the APPIAN WAY, the COLISEUM, MASS in the CATACOMBS, a banquet in the PALACE of CALIGULA, and the crowning of the EMPEROR CLAUDIUS.

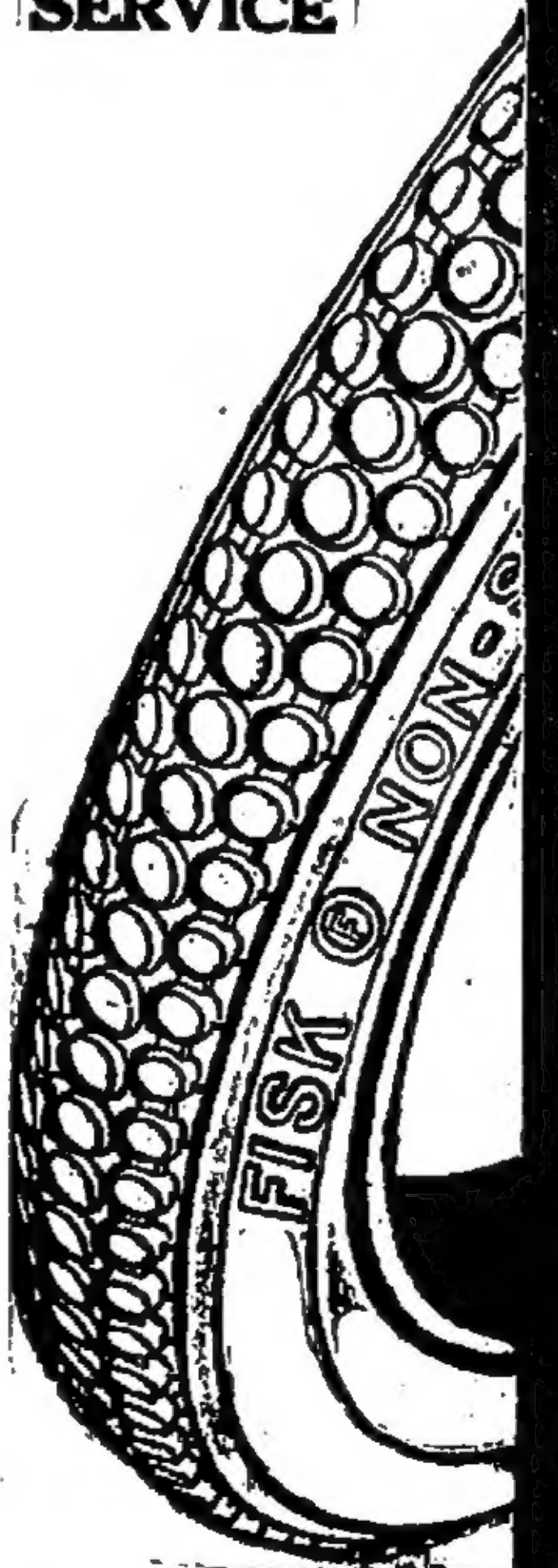
Time of the Story A.D. 47. All the principal characters historical. Read the article from the Encyclopædia Britannica in the programme before seeing the play.

Prices as usual but no half price seats.

Booking at ROBINSONS.

CORONET THEATRE.

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LOW
PRICES
WITH
FISK
SERVICE



FISK
TIRES

Emphatically! The Best Tire
Proposition On The Market

FISK established quality at Fisk Low Prices offers car owners for the first time an absolutely sure way to cut tire costs.

You can get Fisk Non-Skid—the most effective traction and non-skid tire—at a price lower than is charged for many plain treads.

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SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG
AND SOUTH CHINA

JANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,

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These tiny Capsules—superior to Copalba, Cubebs, and Infusions—CURE the same diseases as these drugs in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS without inconvenience. Each Capsule bears the name, Paris, 8, rue Vivienne. Sold by all Chemists.

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No. 128, Des Voeux Road Central,
Top Floor.
HONGKONG.
Telephone No. 1893.

POLAND.

UNPOPULARITY OF JEWS.

LONDON, February 13th.
The Jews are intensely unpopular in Poland owing to their anti-national activities and support of the Germans and Bolsheviks, but the stories of pogroms are greatly exaggerated by Germans and anti-Polish Jews.

G. R.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS, with the exception of those of Chinese race desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily. Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons with certain exceptions who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE, 1916. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations. The Penalty for non-compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

DAIRY FARM NEWS

Butchers' Meats

BEEF. MUTTON. LAMB.

RABBITS. HARES.

SAUSAGES BRAWN.

PRESSED BEEF.

PURITY. EXCELLENCE.

68

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to SMIRNA, DELAGOYA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to SMIRNA, DELAGOYA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to apply to the undersigned.

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.
Managing Agents.

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"ELI ERMAN" LINE.

(REDFER & BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA AND STRAITS

UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Cape of Good Hope at Owners' option.
Subject to change without notice.

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THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

as to Rates & Co., Canton.

General Agents.

42

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

FOR STRAITS TO SAIL

SHANGHAI	"SHENGRING"	On 17th Feb. 3 P.M.
HAIPHONG	"KATFONG"	On 18th Feb. 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"SUNNING"	On 20th Feb. 8 P.M.
TINGTAU, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 20th Feb. 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"YINGCHOW"	On 22nd Feb. 3 P.M.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO.
Excellent Saloon accommodation, Ample Electric Light and Fans in Saloons and Staterooms. Regular scheduled service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Wooning.

For Freight or Passage apply to—

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Agents.

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DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD

HONGKONG AND SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for First Class Passengers Electric Light and Fans in staterooms and Saloons and Excellent cuisine.

FOR

SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW
AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days)

"MAITAN"	... Capt. A. H. Stewart ...	TUESDAY, 18th Feb. at 1 P.M.
"MAIHONG"	... Capt. J. W. Evans ...	TUESDAY, 26th Feb. at 1 P.M.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & CO.,

General Managers.

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BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN
CALCUTTA STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS

EASTWARD

WESTWARD

The above Steamer have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and are

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P. & O. S. N. CO.

ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

UNDER CONTRACT WITH HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT

MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES

TO
STRAITS, BURMA, COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT,
MAURITIUS AND SOUTH AFRICA.

FOR

MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamer	Leave HONGKONG about	Due at MARSEILLES about	Due at LONDON about
NORE...	23rd February.	30th March.	8th April.
NOVARA ...	12th March	17th April.	28th April.
NELLORE ...	9th April.	16th May	24th May.

FOR

BOMBAY VIA STRAITS AND COLOMBO.

Steamer	Leave HONGKONG about	Due BOMBAY about
DUNERA	4th March.
HEJAZ ...	17th February	9th March.

SAILINGS ALSO TO

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

S.S. Leave HONGKONG about

Tickets Interchangeable with B. I. S. N. Co. between ports common to both Companies.

P. & O. Australian tickets interchangeable with New Zealand Shipping Company (via Panama) or by Orient Line or by British India Company.

1st Saloon Passengers may travel by B.I.S.N. Company's steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Singapore and Madras in lieu of the section of their P. & O. Tickets Singapore to Colombo.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge and each Berth furnished with an Electric Reading Lamp.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be cancelled or altered without notice.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.
Any damaged packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the Consignee, and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GORDON & DONALD, at 10 A.M. on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the Steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godown.

For Further Information, Passage Rates, Freight, etc., apply to
E. V. D. PAHR,
Superintendent.

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(JAPAN MAIL S.S. CO.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATION	STEAMER & DISPLACEMENT	SAILING DATES
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	IYO MARU ... 12,330 Tons	SAT. 22nd Feb. at 11 A.M.
YOKOHAMA	SHIDZUOKA MARU ... 12,320 Tons	WED. 19th Mar. at 11 A.M.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	TANGO MARU ... 13,780 Tons	SAT. 22nd Feb. at 11 A.M.
YOKOHAMA	NIKKO MARU ... 9,600 Tons	MON. 21st Mar. at 11 A.M.
SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	TAISHO MARU ... 7,000 Tons	TUES. 18th Feb.
LONDON or LIVERPOOL	MISHIMA MARU ... 15,950 Tons	FRI. 21st Feb. at 11 A.M.
VIA SINGAPORE, MALACCA, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID	SADO MARU ... 12,950 Tons	SAT. 22nd Feb. at 11 A.M.
MELBOURNE via MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, THURBURN, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE & SYDNEY	KAMAKURA MARU ... 12,410 Tons	WED. 19th Feb. at 11 A.M.
NEW YORK via SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO and PANAMA CANAL	TANGO MARU ... 13,780 Tons	WED. 26th Mar. at 11 A.M.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, MALACCA & COLOMBO	YUBARI MARU ... 8,000 Tons	Beginning of March.
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON	AKITA MARU ... 8,000 Tons	Beginning of March.

§ Omitting Shanghai and/or Moji. † Wireless telegraphy.

HONGKONG, VICTORIA, B.C., SEATTLE

MANILA, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.

Operated by the magnificent and splendidly equipped passenger steamers "FUSHIMI MARU," "SUWA MARU," "KASHIMA MARU" and "KATORI MARU," each of over 20,000 tons displacement.

Next SAILINGS from HONGKONG:

† FUSHIMI MARU ... SAT. 22nd Mar. at 11 A.M.
† SUWA MARU ... MON. 25th May, at 11 A.M.
‡ Omitting Manila Harbour.

For further information apply to

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
S. YASUDA, Manager

Telephone 408 and

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

FAST AND LUXURIOUS MAIL STEAMERS

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
KOREA MARU ...	20,000	23rd Feb. From YHAMA.
SHINYO MARU ...	22,000	5th Mar.
PERSIA MARU ...	8,000	27th Mar.
KOREA MARU ...	20,000	22nd April, From YHAMA.
NIPPON MARU ...	11,000	29th April, From YHAMA.
SIBERIA MARU ...	20,000	22nd May, From YHAMA.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

HONGKONG to VALPARAISO via JAPAN HONOLULU, SAN FRANCISCO, SAN PEDRO, SALINO, URU, BALBOA, CALLAO, ARIOA AND IQUIQUE.

THENCE BY TRANS-ANDERSON ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Hongkong
ANYO MARU ...	18,500	Mar. 21st.
SEIYO MARU ...	14,000	May 3rd.
KIYO MARU ...	11,500	July 12th.

Tickets are interchangeable with the OCEANIC PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO. and the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
Passengers may travel by Rail between Ports of Call in Japan free of Charge.
For full information as to rates, sailings, etc., apply to—

TELEPHONE 2274 and 2275.

T. DAIGO, MANAGER,
King's Building.

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

SERVICE TO AND FROM SHANGHAI

SERVICE TO AND FROM AUSTRALIA

For SHANGHAI.

"ANDRE LEON"

On or about Mar. 1st.

Ports of call:—Shanghai, Hongkong, Haiphong, Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Djibouti, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For full particulars regarding sailings, apply to

J. TOURNET.

Acting Agent,
Queen's Building.

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O. S. K.

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

LONDON—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

GENOA—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Company's steamer.

MARSEILLES—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN and CAPE TOWN via SINGAPORE.

BOMBAY COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via Singapore.

"BURMA MARU" Thursday, 27th February.

BATAVIA, SOERABAYA, SAMARANG—Monthly direct service.

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCKLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA—Regular fortnightly service touching at intermediate ports in Japan and taking cargo to OVERLAND POINTS U. S. in connection with Chicago Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway.

"AFRICA MARU" Tuesday 25th February at 3 P.M.

HAIPHONG—Three times a Month service.

"TAITOKU MARU" Tuesday, 25th February.

KEELUNG, TAKAO via SWATOW, AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Soon Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.

For TAKAO via SWATOW AND AMOY.

"SOSHU MARU" Thursday, 27th February, at 9 A.M.

For KEELUNG via SWATOW AND AMOY.

"AMAKUSA MARU" Monday, 17th February at 10 A.M.

"KADO MARU" Sunday, 23rd February, at 10 A.M.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—

K. YAMASAKI,

Manager,

No. 1, Queen's Building.

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CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS

"NANKING" (15,000 tons, American Registry).

"CHINA" (10,300 tons, American Registry)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS AND HONOLULU.

"NANKING"

March 27th, 1919.

"CHINA"

April 24th, 1919

[An unsurpassed high-class passenger service.]

O. H. HATTEL, Freight and Passenger Agent
Lee House Street. Tel. 1941.

Prince's Building.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due

OUTWARD MAILS

REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.

For	Per	DATE
Japan via Moji	Banri Maru	Monday, 17th, 9.00 A.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Keelung	Amakusa Maru	Monday, 17th, 9.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Shanghai Maru	Monday, 17th, 9.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and North China	Taiwan Maru	Monday, 17th, 9.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Huam Maru	Tuesday, 18th, 1.00 P.M.
Haiphong	Kaifong Maru	Wednesday, 19th, 9.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Shanghai Maru	Wednesday, 19th, 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Shanghai Maru	Thursday, 20th, 11.00 A.M.
Weihsai and Tientsin	Huam Maru	Thursday, 20th, 3.00 P.M.
Philippine Islands	Shanghai Maru	Friday, 21st, 9.00 P.M.
Java and Port Moresby via Batavia	Taiwan Maru	Saturday, 22nd, 11.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Shanghai Maru	Saturday, 22nd, 3.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fuzhou	Huam Maru	Tuesday, 19th, 1.00 P.M.

* Superscribed correspondence only.

From Shengwan Western Branch P.O.

For	ON WEEK-DAYS	ON SUNDAY	ON HOLIDAY
Macao	7.30 A.M.	8.30 A.M.	7.30 A.M.
Canton and Samshui	1.30 P.M.	7.30 A.M.	1.30 P.M.
Tai Ping Tung	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Shik Ki	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kowloon	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Kaukung	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.	9.30 P.M.
Wuchow	4.00 P.M.	10.00 A.M.	4.00 P.M.

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

COMERCIAL.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

On LONDON	February 15th
Telegraphic Transfer	2/2 1/2
Bank Bill, on demand	2/2 1/2
Bank Bill, at 30 days sight	2/2 1/2
Bank Bill, at 4 months sight	2/2 1/2
Credit, at 4 months sight	2/2 1/2
Documentary Bill, at 4 months sight	2/2 1/2
On PARIS	
Bank Bill, on demand	41 1/2
Credit, at 4 months sight	42 1/2
On NEW YORK	
Bank Bill, on demand	75 1/2
Credit, at 60 days sight	75 1/2
On BOMBAY	
Telegraphic Transfer	nom.
Bank Bill, on demand	nom.
On CALCUTTA	
Telegraphic Transfer	nom.
Bank Bill, on demand	nom.
On SHANGHAI	
Bank Bill, at sight	nom.
Private, 30 days sight	nom.
On YOKOHAMA	
On demand	145
On MANILA	
On demand	153
On SINGAPORE	
On demand	135
On BATAVIA	
On demand	181 1/2
On HONGKONG	
On demand	nom.
On BANGKOK	
On demand	48 1/2
Government Bank's Buying Rate	\$ 3.80
GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per oz.	\$ 44.30
SILVER, per oz.	47 1/2

FORTHCOMING EVENTS

TO-NIGHT.

8.15 p.m.—Victoria Theatre.
8.15 p.m.—Coronet Theatre.

Saturday, Feb. 22nd:
Noon—Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Meeting of Shareholders, at the City Hall.

Friday, Feb. 28th:
Noon—Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting.
12.15 p.m.—Hongkong Hotel Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON
Corner of Haiphong and Hankow Roads.
Tel. K. 3. Tel. Address: Palace.

TWO Minutes from Ferry and Railway stations. This Hotel has just been completely renovated and refurnished, is now up-to-date in every respect and under English Management.
Cuisine under personal supervision of the Proprietor.
BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS.
TERMS MODERATE.
Special Arrangements for Families on Application to:
I. H. OXBERRY, Proprietor.

THE CIGARETTES WITH THE PEDIGREE

"THREE CASTLES"

THE NEW SIZED

"THREE CASTLES"

SUPER MAGNUMS.

The big brothers of the "Three Castles" family.

Sold in patent air-tight tins containing 50 Cigarettes.

ON SALE AT ALL TOBACCONISTS.

This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

"ASAHI BEER."



SOLE AGENTS
MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA.

HALF A CENTURY REPUTATION.
DR. LECLERC'S PILLS FOR THE LIVER & KIDNEYS
Invaluable for diseases of these important organs, Gravel, Pains in the Back, Gout, Rheumatism, Acidity, leading to Constipation, or just free. Dr. Leclerc's Pills, Co., HAVENWOOD ROAD, N.Y.
LONDON, ENGLAND. Depot: Paris, 12, Rue Cassini; New York, 90, BUREAU STREET; Toronto, 17, LOMB ST.; Australia, ELLIOT ST.; Sydney and Brisbane, NEW ZEALAND, DRUG CO.; AUCKLAND, CHRISTCHURCH, DUNEDIN, WELLINGTON, INDIAN, D. K. PAUL & CO., CALCUTTA.

THE
DIRECTORY
AND
CHRONICLE

FOR
CHINA, JAPAN, PHILIPPINES,
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1919 EDITION
(57th Year of Publication)
READY ON FEBRUARY 15th.

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Large Volume ... \$11.00
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ALL DEPARTMENTS of the above are now OPEN after extensive repairs. Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room (two tables), Restaurant, Concert Hall and Meeting Room.
Sleeping Accommodation—33 Cabins and 70 Beds in Dormitories.
All men of the Mercantile Marine, R.M. Navy and Army are welcome to use the Institute.

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A COMPLETE AERATED WATER PLANT FOR SALE.

THE MACHINES are made by Messrs. Brath & Hinchliffe, Ltd., Manchester, and guaranteed in perfect working order. This complete plant will turn out 1,400 dozen Aerated water per day, purchased to take over about 9,000 dozen bottles at cost price.

Apply by letter—
"AERATED WATER PLANT,"
Care of General Post Office,
or
Care of General Post Office,
Box No. 390.

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15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

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For the latest types of Lamps and Radiators.

Visit our Electrical Show Room at 14, Des Vaux Road.

One centre ceiling light replaces four or five ordinary bulbs and gives a more diffused light with the "Brascolite" Fitting.
The cool season will soon be on us, so book your order in time for an economical and cheerful "Majestic" Radiator.

WILLIAM C. JACK & CO., LTD.

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(FRENCH BANK)

Head Office: 15bis Rue La Fayette, Paris.
Capital ... Frs. 48,000,000
Reserves ... 60,000,000

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IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.
IN LONDON: The National Provincial and Union Bank of England Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.
IN NEW YORK: J. P. Morgan & Co.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

A. SIRE,
Acting Manager.

Hongkong, October 21st, 1918

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED

(TAIWAN BANK)

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER, 1899.
Capital Subscribed ... Yen 20,000,000
Capital (Paid-up) ... 20,000,000
Reserve Funds ... 8,850,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES:
JAPAN—Tokyo, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Moji.
FORMOSA—Gilan, Kagi, Kankin, Keelung, Pinan, Shichiku, Makung, Tachia, Tainan, Takow, Tamsui, Toiyen, Aiko.
CHINA—Shanghai, Hankow, Kinkiang, Amoy, Fuzhou, Swatow, Canton.
OTHERS—Hongkong, Singapore, Soerabaya, Semarang, Batavia, Bombay, London, New York.

LONDON BANKERS:
CAPITAL AND COUNTRIES BANK, LONDON AND SOUTH-WESTERN BANK, PARIS BANK.

The Bank has Correspondents in Commercial Centres in the European Continent, Russia, Manchuria, Peking, Chosen, Japan, Indo-China, Siam, India, Philippine Islands, Java, and other Dutch Indies, Australia, America, Africa, etc.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits at rates which will be quoted on application.

NAOKICHI YANAGITA,
Manager.
HONGKONG BRANCH,
3, Des Vaux Road.
Hongkong, January 22nd, 1919.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.
INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.
Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.
For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STABE,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, November 2nd 1914.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
HEAD OFFICE—LONDON.

Paid-up Capital ... £1,200,000
Reserve Fund ... £2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £1,200,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

T. C. DOWNING,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 16th, 1917.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital ... \$15,000,000
Reserve Funds—
Sterling ... \$1,500,000 at 3/4—\$1,500,000
Silver ... \$18,500,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors \$15,000,000

Court of Directors:
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HONGKONG INTEREST ALLOWED.
On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the Daily Balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 3 " " " "
" 12 " 4 " " " "
" 18 " 5 " " " "
N. J. STABE,
Chief Manager

Hongkong, October 16th, 1918.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: 15, Gracechurch St., London

Authorized Capital ... £1,500,000
Subscribed ... 1,125,000
Paid-up ... 562,500
Reserve Fund ... 600,000

BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.

Branches:
Bombay Calcutta Karachi Penang
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HONGKONG BRANCH.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates that may be ascertained on application.

C. L. SANDES,
Acting Manager.

No. 7, Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, December 28th, 1916.

Printed and Published by HENRY ADOLPHUS CARTWRIGHT, for THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., at 10, Des Vaux Road Central, Victoria, Hongkong.